Second Annual Water and Sanitation Innovations in the Arctic Workshop, Afternoon Breakout Sessions, January 26, 2012

Feedback last year said cross-pollination was very beneficial. This year, three groups with representatives from many areas will formulate a plan to find decentralized solutions that provide in-home water in appropriate quantity and quality and remove waste at affordable capital and operating costs. The ultimate goal is to improve health outcomes.

University Dennis Wagner Tom Hennessy Ed Lohr Doug Poage Deb Caldera Mike Black	Mike Brubaker John Olofsson John Warren Dan White Steve Konkel	Agency Bill Griffith Brian Lefferts Alan Parkinson Jay Butler Jack Hebert John Nickels	Troy Ritter Carrie Bohan Aaron Dotson John Nichols	Tribe Cheryl Rosa Greg Magee Tasha Deardorff Eric Lespin Tim Thomas	Steve Bolan Steve Colt Nancy Nix Bob White
Q1: Lay out an approach your group could fold First, understand our history so we don't repeat mistakes and can build on successes.		low to advance R&D to find decentralized/sustain Complete a state of affairs assessment. Define goals from a public health perspective. Encourage collaboration.		Enable ANTHC to conduct R&D. Improve communication. Set realistic expectations with villages. Increase local needs' visibility.	
Q2: List specific collaborative relationships/pa/ Universities, agencies, and outside groups: housing authorities, communities, RHOs, corporations. Take a holistic community view and involve everyone.		All stakeholders, ANTHC, VSW, SOA, EPA, UAF, UAA, drinking water labs, international partners like Water Canada, end users, community partners, RHOs, and THOs.		The University could compile past and future data. Agencies could help with plans, applications, and directing tribal groups to the right entities. Tribes should collaborate with corporations and ANTHC.	
Q3: How would you organize your group? This should be a program run by someone full time (Denali Commission?). The program would seek many grants over time.		A small committee of stakeholders would put out the RFP. A larger group would review; the smaller group would make final decisions.		Have central organization with regional groups to determine needs and solutions. A local person representing a village would contact the project manager with needs.	
Q4: What would your group's research priorities Compile the history. Conduct user-focused R&D. Decrease water use acceptably. Gather performance data. Define parameters up front. Evaluate RFP response options.		Develop a system	to meet local needs and timize health, and be	build credibility. S	e/behaviors and how to tudy energy use and sider core values. Increase D capacity.

Q5: How would you take local users' needs and issues into consideration?

Define priorities for local users on finances,	Consider spending a longer time with them at	(This group represents the local user.)
water usage, etc. first.	several points in the design process.	

Q6: What are your group's ideas for strategies to approach long-term data collection and local monitoring?

Establish parameters and funding. Study in a	Conduct local monitoring. Identify partners in	The group expressed reluctance with tribal
controlled environment and through pilot	the community, such as part-time local	groups engaging the University. It's better for
testing considering health behaviors,	residents we hire. Install remote monitoring	the tribe to contact ANTHC to act as liaison
economics, and weather. Bring in climate	devices in projects.	with the University.
change issues. Use remote monitoring. Create		ANTHC has the Center for Climate and
an endowment to fund research and		Health with UAF and the Institute for
monitoring. Develop a research center.		Circumpolar Health with UAA.

Q7: What initial steps need to be taken to get this effort off the ground and keep it going?

Diverse groups must share a holistic view.	We need money. Identify a pre-project group.	ANTHC should complete R&D. Create a		
Bring together stakeholders and educate on	People at this meeting would go back and	better overall relationship between ANTHC,		
the R&D need, health benefits, and current	start working on Step 1 and start defining	the University, and communities. Convene		
risks. Sustain the effort. This is our	goals and parameters for the RFP.	communities that will not get pipes to start a		
opportunity to innovate, not stagnate. It has		dialog and encourage central organization.		
commercial interest and national interest.				
Discussion: The University will need funding for research. Package requests in terms of immediate State needs. Multiple collaborators from				

Discussion: The University will need funding for research. Package requests in terms of immediate State needs. Multiple collaborators from many fields help, but other than political lobbying efforts, it's not clear how to get State attention. Get ideas from RMWs. They have low turnover, long-term firsthand experience, and a wealth of knowledge we could tap into.

Q8: What ideas do you have for funding an effort like this?

This requires a broad-based effort to piece funding together from many sources with sustained organization, leadership, and vision. We need a Center for Sanitation. The Center for Climate and Health is overseen by a wide range of people, has a web site, works closely with communities, completes assessments and plans, and collaborates with the University and others.

Long-term commitment is required to engage agencies, the University, and communities. Challenge others like the Denali Commission and our delegation. The Governor still has 6,000 households unserved, so this should be a key issue for the State.

Be prepared to answer questions: How would you organize the effort? What are you doing with this money? How will you address the needs of *my* constituency? Offer whatever we conclude to the Legislature. Show them consensus and long-term plans.

Themes include assessing need, reaching out to engineers and problem-solvers, evaluating, monitoring, engaging the University, and conducting concurrent efforts that cross-pollinate to provide different solutions to different problems. Our efforts must be sustained.